



Nielsen  
BookData

MVB →

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# PAVING THE WAY:

The benefits of standardized metadata  
and its impact on book sales

November 2023



## REPORT

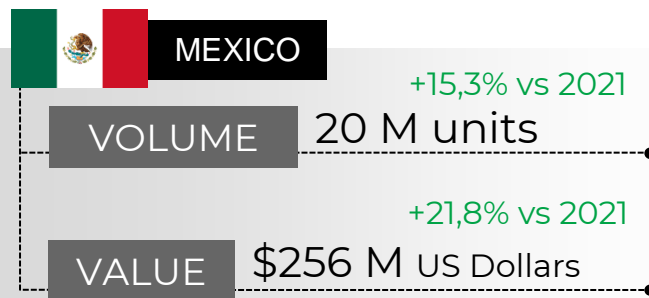
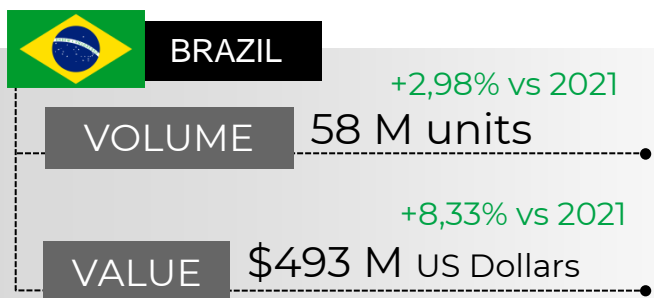
- This analysis was developed by Nielsen BookData and MVB. The objective is to measure the impact of having more metadata fields over sales.
- It is safe to say that in 2023, Brazil and Mexico have accurate data that allowed us to measure the impact of metadata on book sales and create metrics more suitable to Latin America.



# Book Market in 2022

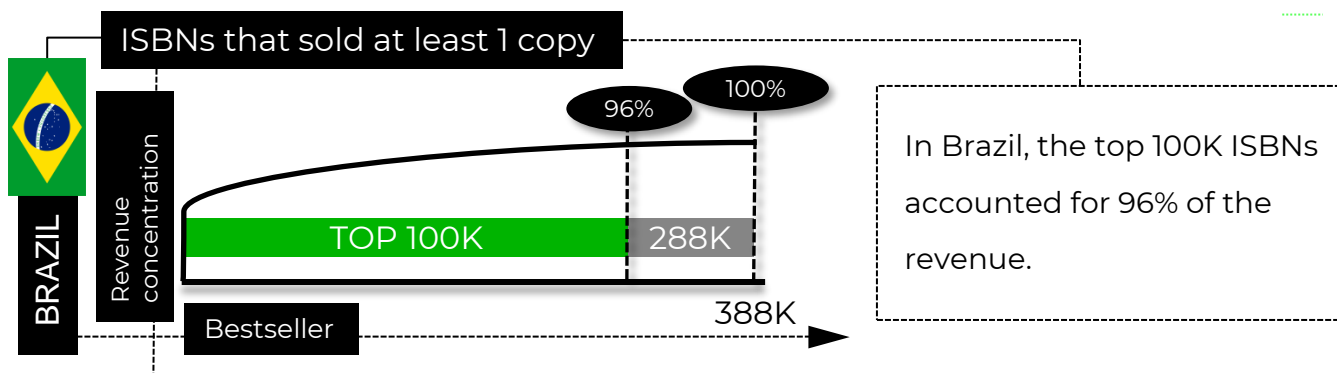
## Overview of Brazilian and Mexican book markets

Firstly, a brief overview of the book market in Brazil and Mexico. The table below shows a positive growth rate in volume and value for both countries. This increase, among other factors, is also explained by the recovery from pandemic years. Sales data showed here were extracted from Nielsen Bookscan, weekly sales monitoring tool.

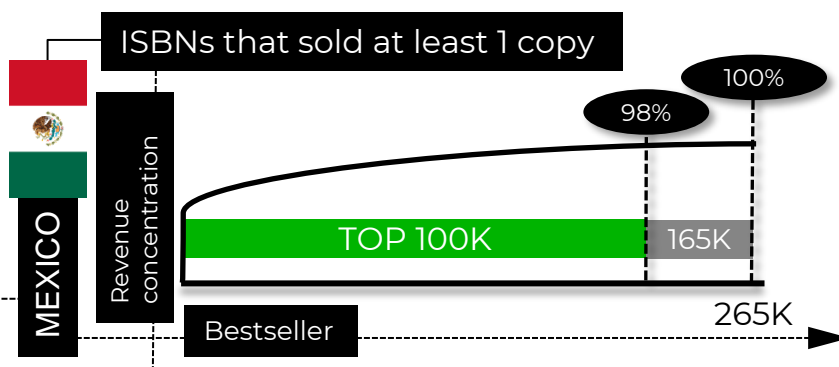


### ISBN Concentration

In both countries, a substantial proportion of the revenue is concentrated on the top 100 thousand ISBNs.



This concentration is even higher in Mexico, the top 100K titles account for 98% of the revenue.



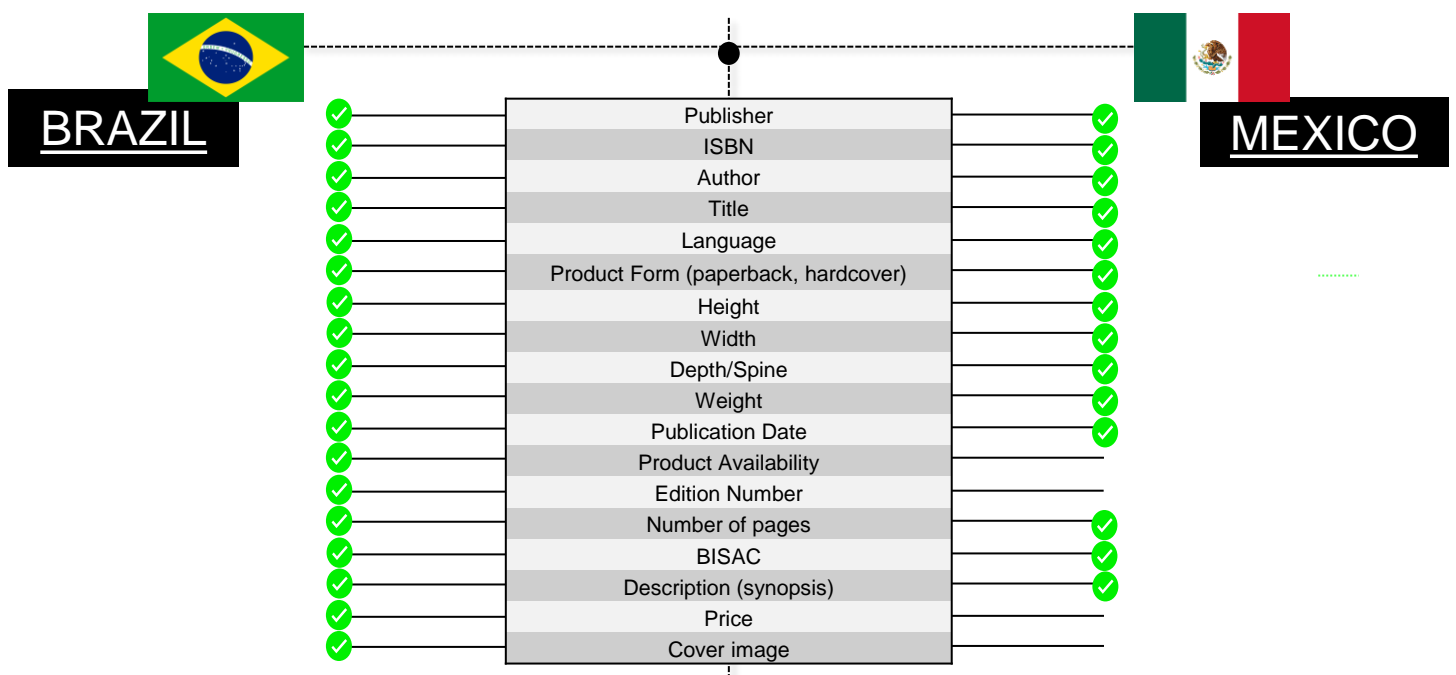
There's no doubt that managing this huge number of ISBNs is a challenge.

# How to analyse the metadata impact on sales?

The analysis is focused on the top 100K titles. We compared sales data (from BookScan) with the metadata assessment sourced by MVB. They mapped how many metadata fields there are for every ISBN within the top 100K bestsellers.

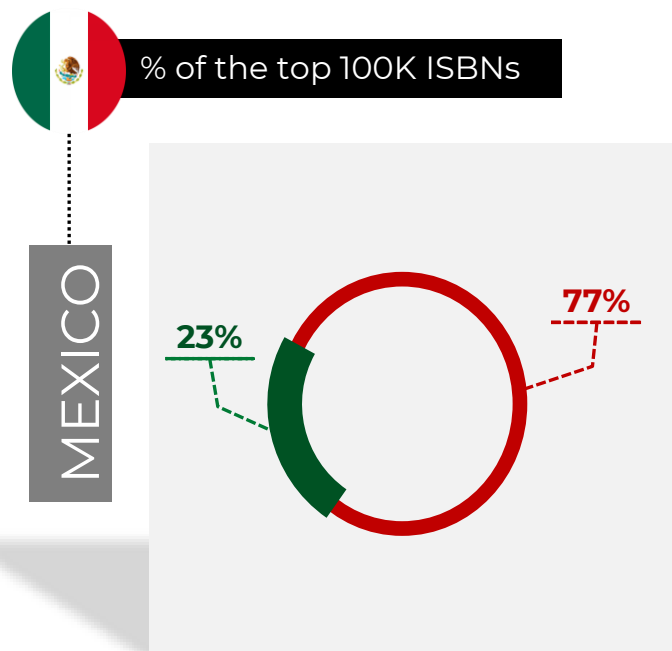
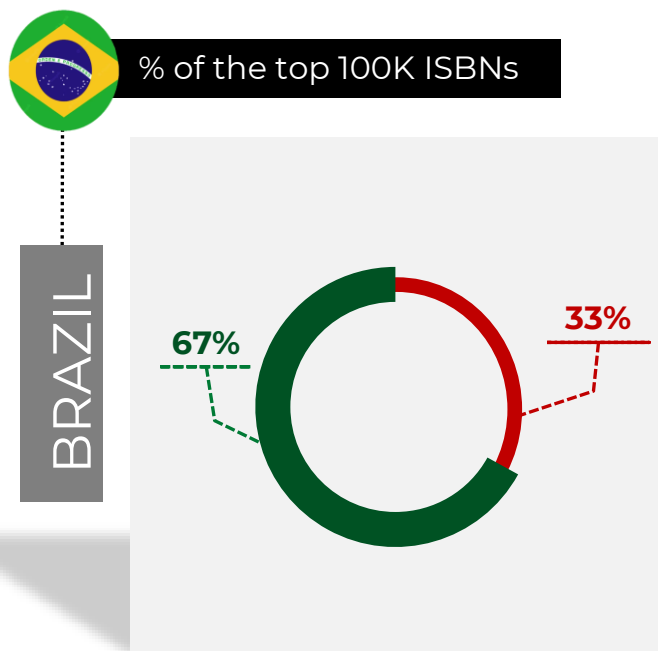
Considering the local metadata context and MVB's knowledge we classified ISBNs with 18 fields or plus for Brazil and 14 fields and plus for Mexico as **COMPLETE metadata.**

## ▶ Metadata fields considered in this analysis

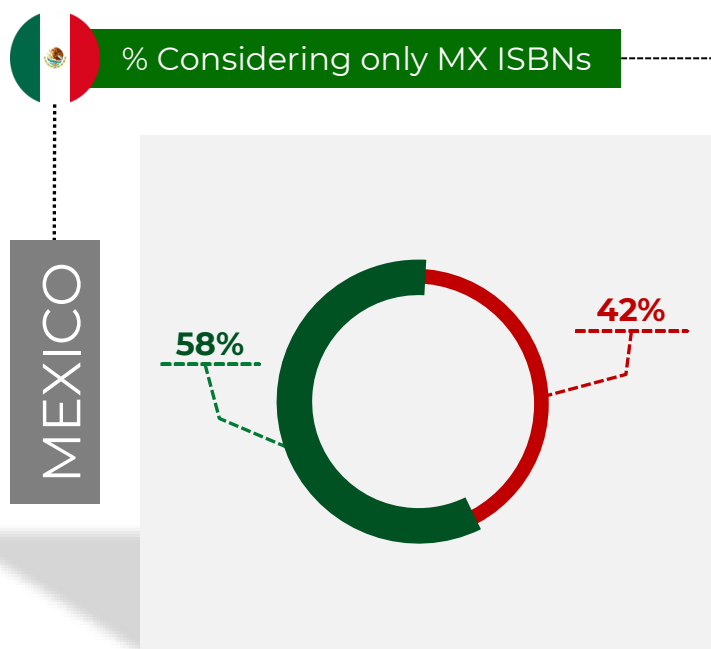


## How many ISBNs have a complete metadata set?

In Brazil 67% of the ISBNs have complete metadata, while 33% are incomplete. ISBNs with incomplete metadata have on average eight fields filled in. Meanwhile, in Mexico, 23% of ISBNs have complete metadata and 77% have incomplete metadata



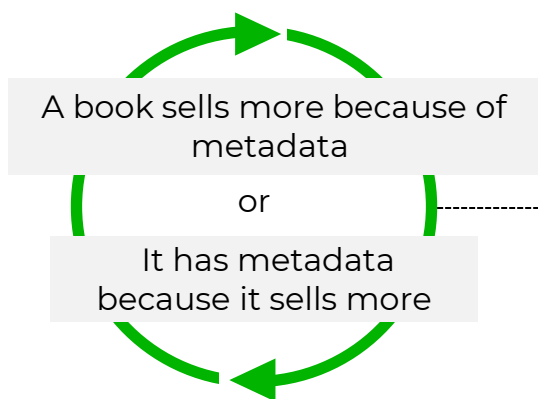
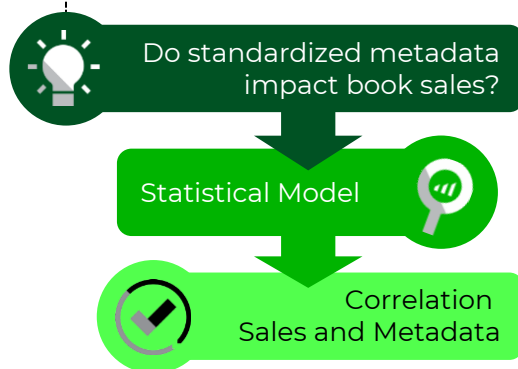
However, Brazil and Mexico have different complexities. Among the 100,000 Mexican ISBNs analyzed, there is a significant number of international ISBNs (from Spain or Latin American countries), which is not the case in Brazil. For this reason, the same analysis was carried out, but this time centered only on Mexican ISBNs.



Focusing on Mexican ISBNs, 58% of them have at least 14 metadata fields (complete set)

# Analysis Framework

We developed a statistical model to examine how the number of metadata fields affects sales.



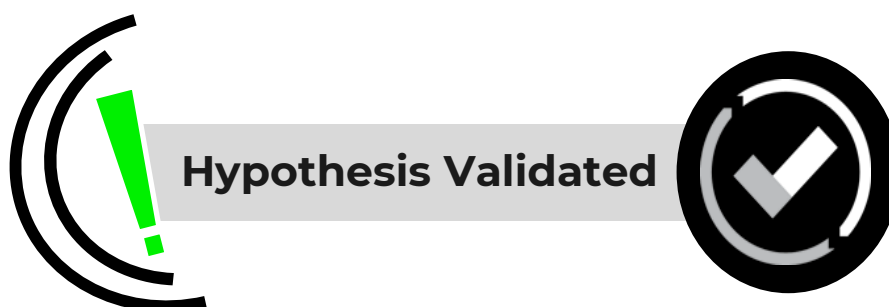
Nielsen BookData also tested how the number of metadata fields affected sales for best sellers versus long tail books

Following different statistical validations, the key factor was to remove the 5K bestsellers and redo the statistical analysis and focus on the long-tail titles.

In Brazil, the top 5K bestsellers represents 54% of sales. In Mexico, the figure is even higher, 55% of sales.

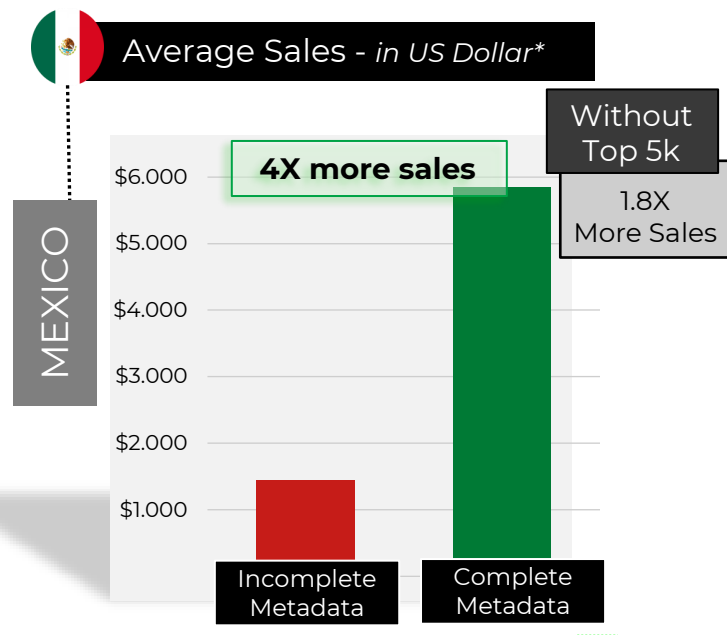
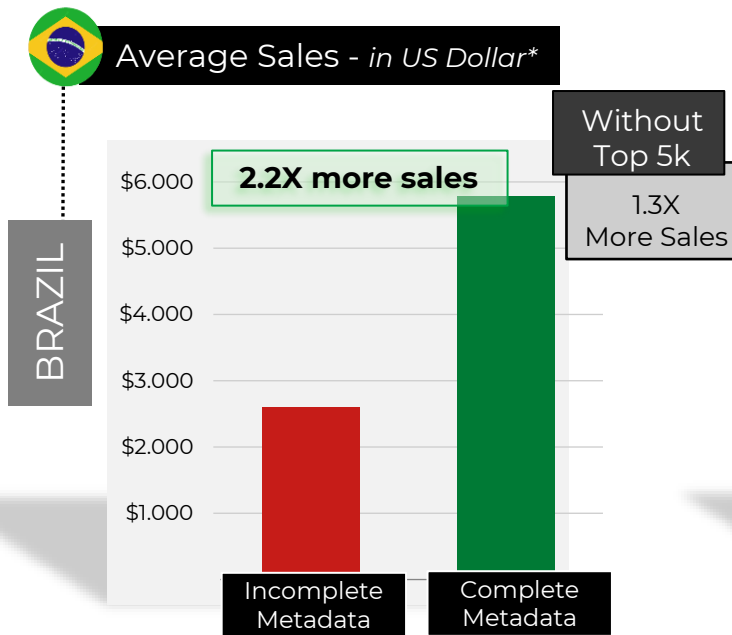


Once again, even excluding the top 5K, a correlation between sales and metadata was found.

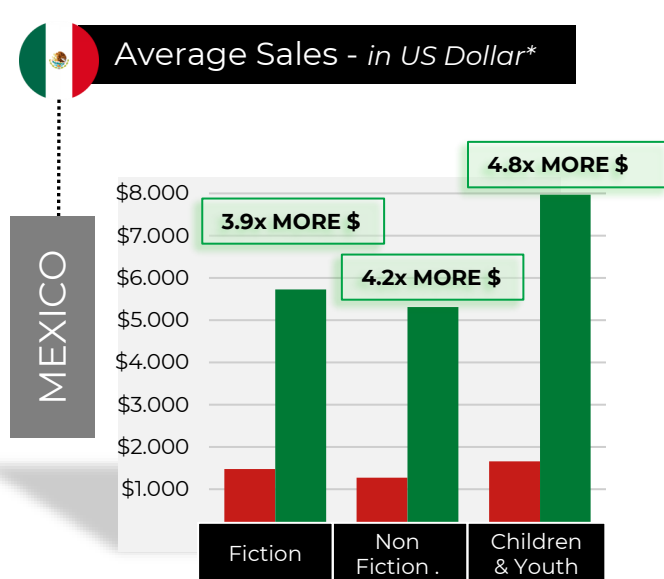
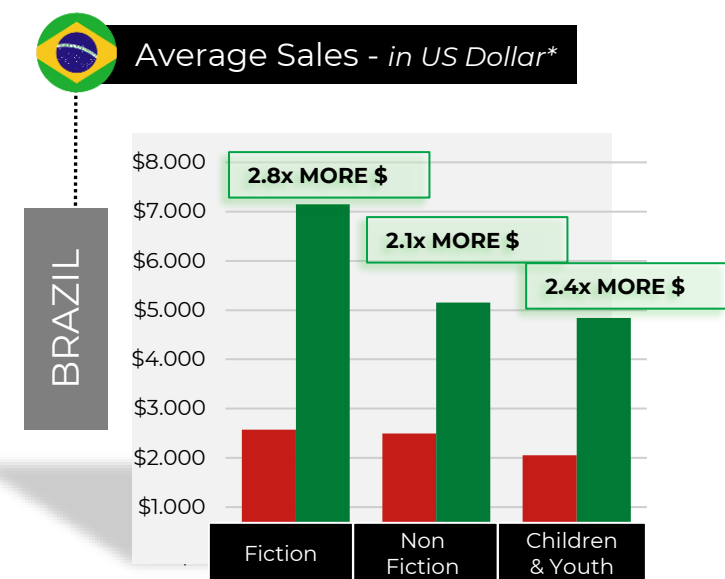


# The impact of metadata on sales - 2022

In Brazil, titles with complete metadata sell on average 2.2 times more than titles with incomplete metadata. In Mexico, this figure is 4 times more sales. Long tail titles with complete metadata sold 1.3 times more than those with incomplete metadata in Brazil, while in Mexico these titles with complete metadata sell 1.8 times more.



Result by genre also demonstrates the impact of metadata on book sales in both countries.



Complete Metadata (Green) Incomplete Metadata (Red)

## Final Conclusion

- Clearly, metadata is not the only sales driver, there are other factors involved in selling a book such as the author, genre, marketing investments, etc. This study highlights that having more metadata fields will result in more sales
- It is important to notice, however, that these results are averages, meaning that having complete metadata does not necessarily ensure that this exact multiplier will be obtained.

